Agenda 1. Administrative

- Scientific realism

 2. Types of scientific realism (Hacking)

 3. Reading discussion

Mid-term peer evalutaion

- ELater this week, each student will receive a rubric for evaluating your group-mate's contribution
- The results will not affect the final grade But the format of the evaluation will match the peer evaluation at the end of the term

Types of scientific realism

lan Hacking's realism

Hacking is one of the major proponents of scientific realism

"... if you can spray them then they are real" Let A "soft" rather than "hard" realism.

Focus on entities and causal reality.



Realism about entities

- The unobservable, abstract entities that science theorizes about can be real.
- i An entity's reality does not depend on "direct" observation.
- i Atoms, gravity, and genes can be real.
- in Not a statement that all theoretical entities are real.

Realism about theories

- Escientific theories about entities are either true or false.
- In the truth or falsehood of a theory reflects an underlying, real world.
- Education Geocentrism, quantum theory, and Mendelian inheritance are each either true or false.

Can be realist about *entities* but not *theories*

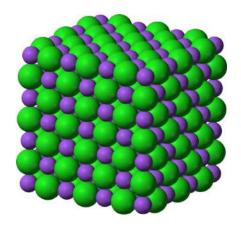
Can be realist about theories but not entities

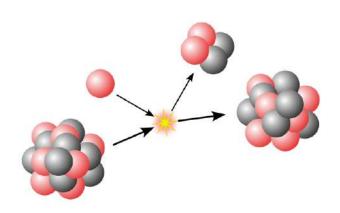
Materialism

- For an entity to be 'real' it must have a *material* reality.
- Historically, this was about actual matter/mass.
- Econtemporary materialism is about physical composition.
- Electrons are real because things can be made of them.

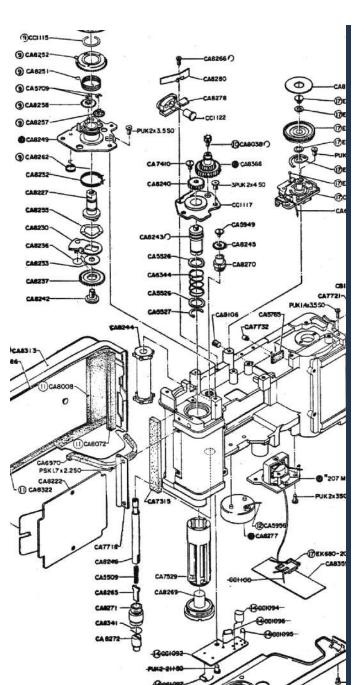
Causalism

- For an entity to be real it must have effects on the world.
- Often focuses on mechanism.
- Hacking: to say that A causes B, you need to say how A causes B.
- Implicitly about theory.





REPRESENTING AND INTERVENING



Representing

- i One aim of science is to create 'correct' (in some sense) representations of the world around us.
- Example Realists and anti-realists argue about what that 'correct' means.

Intervening

- But another aim of science is to create experimental and technological interventions in the world around us.
- Less epistemological debate around this aspect

Ways of understanding

- Hacking presents the realism / anti-realism distinction in terms of "movements."
- He proposes a practical approach based on how scientists work with scientific knowledge.

Tacit knowledge and experimental reproduction

: Collins (1975)

The Seven Sexes: A Study in the Sociology of a Phenomenon, or the Replication of Experiments in Physics

Image credit



<u>Animation via Giphy</u> from <u>Mean Girls (2004)</u>



y Image via <u>Wikimedia</u>



Image via <u>Wikimedia</u>



Repair diagram for an Olympus 35DC camera, via <u>ElektroTanya</u>