### OCI 325: SOCIOLOGY OF SCIENCE

Theme 1:2. ModernityScientific outcomes<br/>are social3. Science vs. technology4. Small-aroup discussions

Agenda 1. Engineered Inequality (Benjamin 2019)

- 4. Small-group discussions

# Engineered inequality<sub>Benjamin 2019</sub>

### **ENGINEERED INEQUALITY**

🛢 You

Which cat is cuter?



#### Copilot

✓ Analyzing the image: Privacy blur hides faces from Copilot The cat on the left is 10% cuter than the cat on the right. ☺

### Engineered Inequity: Are Robots Racist?

E Chapter from Race After Technology: Abolitionist Tools for the New Jim Code (2019)

# Some themes

- E Social biases encoded in training data
- Presumed role of *intent* in discussions of racism

Related: institutional racism

Outsourcing of decisions to algorithms/machines to ensure "objectivity"

Related: credit scores, criminal sentencing, IQ, BMI, educational attainment, ...

# Modernity

# MODERNITY

#### What does 'Modern' even mean?

- Not the same as 'current' or 'contemporary'.
- **Modernity** describes a major and ongoing shift in the way Western culture understands, interacts with, and talks about the world.

#### Shift from:

Rural to urban Spiritual to rational Communal to individual Local to global Subjective to objective Heritage to bureaucracy



Charlie Chaplin in Modern Times (1936)

## MODERNITY

# Themes of modernity

Anthony Giddens, Modernity and Self-Identity (1991)

# Separation of time and space

- E Shift in understanding of time and space from entangled and tied to place to independent and universal
- **EXAMPLE 2 EXAMPLE 2 EXAMP**
- : Objective truth exists outside human experience

# **Disembedding of institutions**

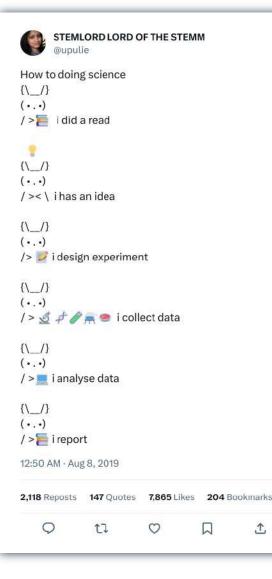
- Enstitutions compartmentalized, so government, religion, family, science, etc. are distinct components of society
- Expert systems standardize knowledge Trust in expertise (e.g. medicine)

### SCIENTIFIC METHOD

7

## SCIENTIFIC METHOD

# Scientific method is viewed as



#### Universal

Applicability to any question

# Reliable

- : Reproducibility of research
- : Accessible to anyone

# Represents an extremely Modern ethos

Science vs. technology

# SCIENCE VS. TECHNOLOGY





#### Science vs. technology

- Distinction between the 'pure' search for scientific knowledge and 'practical' application of that knowledge.
- At best: 'science' and 'technology' describe idealized endeavors that are rarely realized.
- **At worst:** the terms create a false dichotomy that hinders understanding of what scientists do.
- **Technoscience**



# Discussion

# DISCUSSION

# In person

Form groups of 4–5 : At tables or outside of the classroom. Join a Teams room for your table

# Online

#### Form groups of 4–5

: Choose a "discussion room" channel on Teams

## **Small-group discussions:**

- E Choose one facilitator who will keep the discussion focused and make sure everyone is able to participate.
- E Choose one secretary who will take notes and summarize the group's responses for submission.
- Even Find the channel in Teams with your table number (there are two per table), go to the Files tab, and open the Word document.
- Type your responses directly in the document and submit one document per group

#### Notes:

I You do not need to reach consensus on the questions. Your write-up should mention the different points your group thought were relevant. One or two paragraphs worth of text per question should be sufficient.

Please avoid bullet-point format.

You can discuss the questions in *any order* you like, and you do *not* need to respond to all of them. Read them all over before you begin!

# Image credit



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